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MIL-STD-1548D 30 March 2000 SUPERSEDING MIL-STD-1548C 11 JAN 1994

# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STANDARD PRACTICE

INTO-PLANE SERVICING OF FUELS

AT COMMERCIAL AIRPORTS



AMSC FSC 91GP

## **FOREWORD**

## INTO-PLANE SERVICING OF FUELS AT COMMERCIAL AIRPORTS

- 1. This Standard is approved for use by all Departments and Agencies of the Department of Defense.
- 2. This standard has been substantially revised in both content and format to align itself with the Air Transport Association Specification 103, Standards For Jet Fuel Quality Control At Airports, and with Guidelines For Aviation Fuel Quality Control And Operating Procedures For Joint Into-Plane Fueling Services (JIG). This is in accordance with DoD policy to utilize to the maximum degree possible those non-Government standards that satisfy the needs of the military. This standard augments these commercial standards with additional DoD requirements, which the standards do not address (see 6.1).
- 3. Beneficial comments (recommendations, additions, deletions) and any pertinent data which may be of use in improving this document should be addressed to: SA-ALC/SFTT, 1014 Billy Mitchell Blvd., Bldg 1621, Suite 1, Kelly AFB TX 78241-5603 by using the Standardization Document Improvement Proposal (DD Form 1426) appearing at the end of this document or by letter.

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## 1. SCOPE

- 1.1 <u>Scope</u>. This standard establishes 2 types of standard practices for into-plane servicing of fuels at commercial airports.
- 1.2 <u>Classification</u>. Classification of into-plane servicing is as follows:

Type I Into-Plane Refueling Guidance per ATA Specification 103,

Standard For Jet Fuel Quality Control at Airports.

Type II Into-Plane Refueling Guidance as per IATA's Guidelines for Aviation Fuel Quality Control

and Operating Procedures for Joint Into-Plane Fueling Services (JIG).

#### 2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 <u>General</u> The documents specified in this section are specified in sections 3, 4, and 5 of the standard. This section does not include documents cited in other sections of this standard or recommended for additional information or as examples. While every effort has been made to ensure the completeness of this list, document users are cautioned that they must meet all specified requirements documents cited in section 3, 4, and 5 of this standard, whether or not they are listed.

## 2.2 Government documents.

2.2.1 <u>Specifications, standards, and handbooks</u>. The following specifications, standards, and handbooks form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of these documents are those listed in the current issue of the Department of Defense Index of Specifications and Standards (DODISS) and supplement thereto, cited in the solicitations.

#### **STANDARDS**

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

MIL-C-83413/4 Connector and Assemblies, Electrical, Aircraft Grounding,

Plugs, for Types I and II Grounding Assemblies

MIL-C-83413/7 Connector and Assemblies, Electrical, Aircraft Grounding: Grounding

Clamp Connector for Types I and III Grounding Assemblies, Clip,

Electrical

(Unless otherwise indicated, copies of the above specifications, standards, and handbooks are available from the Standardization Order Desk, 700 Robbins Avenue, Building 4D, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094)

2.3 <u>Non-Government publications</u>. The following documents form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of the documents that are DoD adopted are those listed in the issue of the DODISS cited in the solicitation. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of documents not listed in the DODISS are the issues of the documents cited in the solicitation (see 6.2).

#### AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION

ATA Specification 103 Standards for Jet Fuel Quality Control at Airports

(Application for copies should be addressed to the Air Transport Association of America, 1709 New York Ave. N.W., Washington D.C. 20006)

## INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION

IATA (JIG)

Guidelines for Aviation Fuel Quality Control and Operating
Procedures for Joint Into-Plane Fueling Services (JIG).

(Application for copies should be addressed to the International Air Transport Association Customer Svc, 800 Place Victoria, P.O. Box 113, Montreal Quebec, Canada, H4Z 1M1)

#### AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM)

ASTM D2276 (DoD Adopted) Standard Test Method for Particulate Contaminant in Aviation Fuel

by Line Sampling

ASTM D5452 (DoD Adopted) Standard Test Method for Particulate Contamination in Aviation

Fuels by Laboratory Filtration

(Application for copies should be addressed to ASTM, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959)

#### NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION

NFPA 407 Aircraft Fuel Servicing

(Application for copies should be addressed to the National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, PO Box 9101, Quincy, MA 02269-9101.)

2.4 <u>Order of precedence</u>. In the event of a conflict between the text of this document and the references cited herein, the text of this document takes precedence. Nothing in this document, however, supersedes applicable laws and regulations unless a specific exemption has been obtained.

#### 3. DEFINITIONS

- 3.1 <u>Definitions applicable in this standard.</u> The definitions for terms used in this standard are in accordance with ATA Specification 103 and the IATA Joint Into-plane Guidelines (JIG), with the following additional terms noted herein.
- 3.2 <u>Full flow monitor cartridges</u>. Fuse-type or fuel monitor elements, which remove free water and solid contaminants in the fuel. As the elements retain solids and water through absorption, fuel flow is restricted or shutoff.

## 4. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- 4.1 <u>Type I and type II</u>. Refueling at commercial airports shall be performed as specified in ATA Specification 103 or IATA Joint Into-plane Guidelines (JIG) respectfully, except as noted herein.
- 4.1.1 <u>Defueled product</u>. Defueled product from other than U.S. Government aircraft shall not be used to refuel U.S. Government aircraft. Product defueled from U.S. Government aircraft may be returned to an authorized user and shall meet the defueled product quality criteria in table I.

TABLE I Defueled product quality criteria

Property	Requirement	Test Method	
Density at 15 °C (or API Gravity)	0.775-0.840 kg/L (37-51)	ASTM D 1298 or D 4052	
Particulate contamination			
(1) Particulate content before filtration, or:	1.0 mg/L, max.	ASTM D 5452	
(2) Particulate content after filtration into plane,	0.5 mg/L, max.	ASTM D 5452	
or:			
(3) Color rating	A1, A2, B1,B2 GI, or G2	ASTM D 2276	
Conductivity			
No conductivity additive present, or	10 pS/m, max	ASTM D 2624	
With conductivity additive	50-450 pS/m	ASTM D 2624	
Water content into plane	15 ppm, max	See JIG or ATA 103	
Appearance	Clear and Bright	Visual	
Flash point	38 °C (100 °F)	ASTM D 56, D 93,or D 3828	

- 4.1.1.1 <u>Defueled JP8+100 product</u>. Aircraft containing JP-8+100 shall not be defueled into fuel servicing equipment unless the servicing equipment is equipped with water absorption media filter elements or API 1581, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition , M100 category filter elements. JP8+100 product can only be returned to the aircraft from which it was defueled. If the facility can not handle the JP-8+100 defuel, the aircrew shall be advised.
- 4.1.2 Safety. Safety requirements as specified in NFPA 407 shall apply to type I.
- **5 DETAILED REQUIREMENTS**
- 5.1 <u>Type I</u>. Type I Refueling at Commercial Airports shall be performed as specified in ATA Specification 103, except as noted herein.
- 5.1.1 <u>Jet fuel specification and purity standards.</u> The requirements of ATA Specification 103 shall apply except for the following.
- 5.1.1.1 <u>Thermal stability property</u>. The test temperature for the thermal stability test, ASTM D 3241, shall be 260°C only.
- 5.1.1.2. Additive injection. If there is a requirement to add additives to the aviation fuel, the following additive blending guidance is provided in order to assure proportional injection of the additives. The two basic methods for adding additives into fuel are hand doping and use of a proportional injector.
  - a. The preferred method is proportional injection using a fuel driven design injector. This type injects additives proportionately at various flow rates.
  - b. Hand doping additives at various points in the system can be accomplished by several techniques, some of which are described below. When hand doping is performed, additive should first be diluted with the fuel. The greater the dilution, the easier it is for the additive to be mixed properly. Fuel additives should not be mixed together in neat form as a cocktail blend for injecting into fuel.

- 1. Blending additives into bulk airfield tanks can be done by pouring the required quantity of additive into the tank heel followed by receipt. Care should be taken when hand doping tank heels to avoid over/under additizing that may result if the anticipated receipt unexpectedly varies in quantity or fuel received has already been additized. The required quantity of additive may also be added to delivery tank trucks just prior to offloading into bulk tanks.
- 2. Blending into refueling units can be performed by introducing the required amount through the top hatch using a funnel and a length of hose with one end submerged below the surface of the fuel. This can best be accomplished by pouring the additive into the refueler, filled to not more than one-third of its capacity and then filling the unit with fuel. Wait approximately 10 minutes and then circulate fuel for at least three minutes before servicing to aircraft. If additives are put into a full refueler, circulate at least 150 percent of the refueler capacity prior to issue.
- c. When required, fuel system icing inhibitor (FSII) may be added using the 590 mL (20 ounce) aerosol can during over-wing refueling. Determine the fuel load and calculate the amount of additive required. It should be added gradually during filling to permit proper blending in the fuel. One can of aerosol additive will inhibit 680 liters (180 gallons) of fuel to 0.087% by volume.
- d. When FSII and/or SDA is injected into fuel the following concentration levels apply: Fuel injected with FSII shall contain .07 .20 vol. % FSII content; if the fuel is injected with SDA, the SDA content shall be between 50 and 700 conductivity units (CU).
- 5.1.2 <u>Hydrant system checks.</u> The requirements of ATA Specification 103 shall apply, except that, for any modifications, changes, or construction work to hydrant systems, the contractor shall also notify the contracting officer.
- 5.1.3 <u>Aircraft fueling equipment requirements</u>. The requirements of ATA Specification 103 shall apply, except for electrostatic bonding, the following specific equipment shall be required.
- 5.1.3.1 <u>Grounding plug.</u> When the aircraft being serviced is equipped with grounding receptacles, a grounding plug conforming to or equivalent in design to MIL-C-83413/4 shall be used.
- 5.1.3.2 <u>Grounding clamp</u>. When the aircraft being serviced is not equipped with grounding receptacles or a plug is not available, a grounding clamp conforming to or equivalent in design to MIL-C-83413/7 shall be used on the bonding cables of the refueling equipment. When a grounding clamp is used, it shall be connected to a bare metal surface of the aircraft.
- 5.2 <u>Type II</u>. Type II Refueling at Commercial Airports shall be performed as specified in the IATA Joint Intoplane Guidelines (JIG), except as noted herein.
- 5.2.1 <u>Jet fuel specifications.</u> The IATA guide specification, ASTM D 1655, or applicable specification cited in the contract, shall be used with the following additional requirements.
- 5.2.1.1 Thermal stability properties. The test temperature for the thermal stability test, ASTM D 3241, shall be  $260^{\circ}$ C only.
- 5.2.1.2 Additive injection. When additives are required see 5.1.1.2.
- 5.2.2 <u>Maintenance and testing of fueling equipment</u>. The requirements in the IATA Joint Into-plane Guidelines (JIG) apply with the following exceptions.

- 5.2.2.1 <u>Bonding wires</u>. When testing for continuity, use either of the following methods.
  - a. Continuity tester N22T (Ray-O-Vac) or equivalent.
  - b. Simpson Model 260, Volt ohm Meter or equivalent. When using this type test equipment the resistance shall be 10 ohms or less.
- 5.2.2.2 <u>Storage tanks</u>. Storage tanks shall be inspected and cleaned as necessary when tank samples show a continuous solids build-up or when filtration elements on the downstream side of tanks show evidence of premature plugging from excessive solids.
- 5.2.3 <u>Fueling operations</u>. The requirements of the IATA Joint Into-plane Guidelines (JIG) apply in their entirety with exceptions noted herein.
- 5.2.3.1 <u>Grounding plug.</u> When the aircraft being serviced is equipped with a grounding receptacles, a grounding plug conforming to or equivalent in design to MIL-C-83413/4 shall be used
- 5.2.3.2 <u>Grounding clamp.</u> When the aircraft being serviced is not equipped with grounding receptacles or a plug is not available, a grounding clamp conforming to or equivalent in design to MIL-C-83413/7 shall be used on the bonding cables of the refueling equipment. When a grounding clamp is used, it shall be connected to a bare metal surface of the aircraft.
- 5.2.4 <u>Filtration equipment</u>. The filtration equipment requirements in the IATA Joint Into-plane Guidelines (JIG) apply in their entirety with exceptions noted.
- 5.2.4.1 <u>Filtration requirements</u>. All aviation fuel shall pass through two filters. One at inlet to the operating tank and one on the fueler loading rack or hydrant delivery lines. The initial filter may be a filter separator, micronic filter, or full-flow monitor cartridge type device. The final filtration of jet fuel shall be through a filter separator or a full flow monitor. One of the two filters used for aviation gasoline shall be a filter separator or fuel monitor. The filter separator shall meet the requirement of API 1581 or MIL-PRF-52308. Filtration equipment shall be designed so that fuel bypass is not possible.

#### 6. NOTES

(This section contains information of a general or explanatory nature that may be helpful, but is not mandatory.)

- 6.1 Intended use. The purpose of this standard is to ensure government aircraft are provided specification fuel at commercial facilities where a US Government Into-Plane Servicing Contract is in force. The JP-8+100 defueling procedures covered by this standard are unique as only DoD aircraft use JP-8+100. Defuels of JP-8+100 at commercial airports must be handled appropriately to avoid contaminating systems not capable of handling the JP-8+100. The requirement in this standard to perform thermal stability tests at 260 °C only is also military unique as DoD aircraft require fuel with an improved thermal margin to reduce problems associated with engine coking. Additive injection procedures mentioned in this standard are also military unique as the additive package required in fuel used by DoD aircraft is not used in commercial fuels the additive package required in fuel destined for DoD aircraft is required as it provides additional safeguards against fuel system icing and fuel system static charges.
- 6.2 <u>Issue of DoDISS.</u> When this standard is used in acquisition, the applicable issue of the DoDISS must be cited in the solicitation (see 2.2.1 and 2.3).

# 6.3 Subject term (key word) listing.

Aviation Gasoline Commercial Jet Fuels Jet Fuels Refueling at Commercial Airports

- 6.4 <u>Publications</u>. The JIG publication referred to in Type II of the detailed requirements is available through two sources. It is prepared by and for members of the Joint Inspection Group, participants of the JIG can obtain the document through corporate channels. The JIG guidance referred to in Type II has also been written into the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Joint Into-Plane Guidance Material for Aviation Turbine Fuels Quality Control and Operating Procedures, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition. It is identical to the JIG used by JIG participants. The 1<sup>st</sup> Edition of the IATA publication can be procured from IATA Customer Svc, 800 Place Victoria, P.O. Box 113, Montreal Quebec, Canada, H4Z 1M1, Fax (514) 874-9659.)
- 6.5 Quality assurance requirements. Quality assurance requirements imposed as part of any contract may include sample submission to one of the laboratories listed in Table II or Table III of this standard.

TABLE II. Laboratories Within the Continental United States.

Mailing	Shipping	Telephone	FAX	Area of
Address	Address	Numbers	Numbers	Responsibility
Det 13, SA-ALC/SFTLA	Det 13,SA-ALC/SFTLA	DSN	DSN	IA, IL, IN, KS, MI,
Bldg 70, STE 01	Bldg 70, STE 01	785-2106	986-7744	MN, NE, OH, OK,
2430 C St	2430 C St	COM	COM	SD, TX & WI
WPAFB OH 45433-7632	WPAFB OH 45433-7632	(937)255-2106	(937)656-7744	
Det 20, SA-ALC/SFTLB	Det 20,SA-ALC/SFTLB	COM	COM	CT, DC, DE, KY,
P.O. Box 408	Trundy Rd, Bldg 14	(207)548-2451	(207)548-0351	MA, MD
Searsport ME	Searsport ME			ME, MO, NC, NH,
04974-0408	04974-0408			NJ, NY, PA, RI,
				TN, VA, VT & WV
Det 21, SA-ALC/SFTLC	Det 21,SA-ALC/SFTLC	DSN	DSN	AL, AR, FL, GA,
P.O. Box 6051	5311 N Boundry Rd, Bldg	968-3645	968-6706	LA, MS,
MacDill AFB FL	1121	COM	COM	& SC
33621-0051	MacDill AFB FL	(813)828-3645	(813)828-6706	
	33621-5005			
Det 35, SA-ALC/SFTLD	Det 35,SA-ALC/SFTLD	DSN	COM	AZ, CA, CO, ID,
10 Park Ave C,	10 Park Ave C, Bldg 1	984-5318	(425)348-6719	MT, ND, NM, NV,
Bldg 1	Mukilteo WA	COM		OR,
Mukilteo WA	98275-1618	(425)355-4122		UT, WA & WY
98275-1618				

TABLE III. <u>Laboratories Outside the Continental United States</u>.

Mailing	Local Shipping Address	Telephone	Fax
Address		Numbers	Numbers
OL SA-ALC/SFTLF	OL SA-ALC/SFTLF	. SA-ALC/SFTLF DSN	
Unit 5025	RAF Mildenhall, Bldg 725	314-238-2043	314-238-3626
Box 495	Bury ST Edmunds	COM	COM
APO AE 09459-5025	Suffolk, England IP28 8NF	44-1-638-542043	44-1-638-543626
OL SA-ALC/SFTLJ	OL SA-ALC/SFTLJ	DSN	DSN
Unit 6106	Bldg 1048, Area F	314-632-7550	314-632-8865
APO AE 09604-6106	Aviano AB	COM	COM
	33081 Aviano (PN) Italy 39-0434-667550		39-0434-668865
Det 44, SA-ALC/SFTLG	Det 44, SA-ALC/SFTLG	DSN	DSN
Aerospace Fuels Lab	Bldg 854	315-634-3394/1602	315-634-0584
Unit 5161	Kadena AB	COM	
APO AP 96368-5161	Okinawa, Japan 96368-5161	-611-734-3394	
505th QM Battalion	505th QM Bn Petrol Lab	DSN	DSN
APAJ-GO-QL	Attn: APAJ-GO-QL	315-632-4058	315-634-1376
Unit 35130	Unit 35130	COM	COM
APO AP 96376-5130	Kadena AFB, Okinawa	81-6117-324058	81-6117-34137693043
FISC Tsurumi	FISC Tsurumi	DSN	COM
Hakozaki Laboratory	Hakozaki Laboratory	244-2733	81-311-734-7050
PSC 471	PSC 471	COM	
FPO AP 96347-2000	FPO AP 96347-2000	81-311-734-2733	
FISC Pearl Harbor	FISC Pearl Harbor	DSN	DSN
POL Lab Code 704	POL Laboratory Code 704	315-473-0239	315-473-1566
1942 Gaffney St, Suite 100	Bldg 1685, Neches Ave.	COM	COM
Pearl Harbor HI 96860-4549	Pearl Harbor HI 96860-4549	(808)473-0239	(808)473-1566
FISC Yokosuka, Det Sasebo	FISC Yokosuka, Det Sasebo	DSN	DSN
Code 184	POL Laboratory	315-252-4134	252-4139
POL Laboratory	PSC 476, Box 7	COM	COM
PSC 476, Box 7	FPO AP 96322-1504	81-956-24-6111	81-956-24-0968
FPO AP 96322-1504		Ext 4134	Ext 4137
DEO-A	Fuels Laboratory	DSN	DSN
Attn: Laboratory	Bldg 986	317-384-7180	317-384-2447
6-920 12th Street Ft Richardson AK 99505		COM	COM
Elmendorf AFB AK 99506		(907)384-7180	(907)384-2447
DLA/DESC Europe	DLA/DESC Europe Pet. Lab	DSN	DSN
Pet. Lab	Rhein Ordnance Barracks	314-489-7326	314-489-7084
Unit 23135	Bldg 320	COM	COM
APO AE 09227	Am Opelkreis	49-631-536-7326	49-6331-536-7084
	67663 Kaiserslautern, Germany		

6.6 <u>Changes from previous issue</u>. Marginal notations are not used in this revision to identify changes with respect to the previous issue due to the extent of the changes.

# CONCLUDING MATERIAL

Custodian:

Air Force - 68

Army - AV

Navy - AS

DLA - PS

Review activities:

Army - CD

Navy - SA

Preparing activity:

Air Force - 68

Air Force - 68

(Project 91GP-1018)

DLA - CC

# STANDARDIZATION DOCUMENT IMPROVEMENT PROPOSAL

# INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. The preparing activity must complete blocks 1, 2, 3, and 8. In block 1, both the document number and revision letter should be given.
- 2. The submitter of this form must complete blocks 4, 5, 6, and 7, and send to preparing activity.
- 3. The preparing activity must provide a reply within 30 days from receipt of the form.

NOTE: This form may not be used to request copies of documents, nor to request waivers, or clarification of requirements on current contracts. Comments submitted on this form do not constitute or imply authorization to waive any portion of the referenced document(s) or to amend contractual requirements.

any portion of the referenced document(s) or to amend contractual requirements.						
I RECOMMEND A CHANGE:	1. DOCUMENT NUMBER MIL-STD-154	BD 2.	2. DOCUMENT DATE (YYYYMMD 20000330			
3. DOCUMENT TITLE INTO-PLANE SERVICING OF FUELS AT COMMERCIAL AIRPORTS						
4. NATURE OF CHANGE (Identify paragraph	n number and include proposed re	write, if possible. Atta	ach extra sheets as	s needed.)		
5. REASON FOR RECOMMENDATION						
6. SUBMITTER	h   OP	CANUZATION				
a. NAME (Last, First, Middle Initial)	b. OR	GANIZATION				
c. ADDRESS (Include ZIP Code)	(1) Co (2) DS	LEPHONE (Include Area mmercial N applicable)	a Code) 7.	DATE SUBMITTED (YYYYMMDD)		
8. PREPARING ACTIVITY						
a. NAME : SA-ALC/SFTT	(1) Co	LEPHONE (Include Area mmercial (210)925-461	7	945-4617		
c. ADDRESS (Include ZIP Code) 1014 Billy Mitchell Blvd., Bldg 1621, Kelly AFB TX 78241-5603	Suite 1 De 87 Foi	IF YOU DO NOT RECEIVE A REPLY WITHIN 45 DAYS, CONTACT: Defense Standardization Program Office (DLSC-LM) 8725 John J. Kingman Road, Suite 2533 Fort Belvoir, Virginia 22060-6221 Telephone (703) 767-6888 DSN 427-6888				